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		2.1.2,2.3.1, 5.1.1 and 5.1.2

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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Interaction with other agreements

This Annex is part of the System Operation Agreement. This Annex makes references to the requirements set up in: Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a CACM guideline on capacity calculation and congestion management (hereinafter referred to as "CACM"); Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1485 of 2 August 2017 establishing a SOGL • guideline on electricity transmission system operation (hereinafter referred to as "SOGL"); "Cooperation Agreement regarding Regional Security Coordination in the Nordic region, Nordic RSC" (hereinafter referred to as "Nordic RSC Agreement"); Multilateral Agreement on Participation in Regional Security • Coordination Initiatives" (hereinafter referred to as "MLA"); Day-Ahead operational agreement between ENTSO-E TSOs and • NEMOs (hereinafter referred to as "Day-Ahead Operational Agreement") Intraday operational agreement between ENTSO-E TSOs and NEMOs • (hereinafter referred to as "Intraday Operational Agreement"); All TSOs' of the Nordic Capacity Calculation Region proposal for CACM 20(2) capacity calculation methodology in accordance with Article 20(2) of Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management (hereinafter referred to as "CCM"); All TSOs' of the Nordic Capacity Calculation Region for a coordinated **CACM 35** • redispatching and countertrading methodology in accordance with Article 35 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015

management (hereinafter referred to as "CRC Methodology")<sup>1</sup>;
All TSOs' of the Nordic Capacity Calculation Region for a coordinated redispatching and countertrading cost sharing methodology in accordance with Article 74 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management (hereinafter referred to as "CRCCS Methodology")<sup>2</sup>.

establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Name of the proposal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Name of the proposal

### 1.2 Background

The guideline on Capacity Allocation and Capacity Management (hereinafter referred to as "CACM") lays down detailed requirements on cross-zonal capacity allocation and congestion management in the day-ahead and intraday markets, including the requirements for the establishment of common methodologies for determining the volumes of capacity simultaneously available between bidding zones, criteria to assess efficiency and a review process for defining bidding zones.

In this Annex the Nordic TSOs agree upon the main principles and requirements for ensuring a coordinated preparation of system operation of the Nordic TSO's transmission systems.

### 1.3 This Annex

This Annex shall be considered in addition to the principles, requirements and	CACM
conditions included in the CACM.	
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The Annex is also in addition to the methodologies that have been approved by the NRAs in accordance with articles 9(6), 9(7) and 9(8) of CACM. This Annex includes references to these methodologies. Where NRAs approved an implementation date in future, this Annex describes the existing situation. CACM 9(6) CACM 9(7) CACM 9(8)

The Nordic TSOs anticipate regular updates in order to keep the agreements and methodologies in this Annex up-to-date. Consequently, this Annex includes mainly the agreements between the Nordic TSOs related to the existing situation and already provides requirements for near future. Changes shall be first approved by all Nordic TSOs, before the change will be implemented in the SOA at the latest when the change enters into force. The SOA maintenance group will follow the change agreed.

### 1.4 Geographic area

The geographical area to which the SOA/OP annex applies is the Nordic Capacity Calculation Region (hereafter referred to as "Nordic CCR").

### 1.5 Structure of this Annex

This Annex is structured as following:

- Chapter 2: Capacity Calculation
- Chapter 3: Redispatching and Countertrading
- Chapter 4: Single day-ahead coupling
- Chapter 5: Single intraday coupling
- Chapter 6: Redispatching and countertrading cost sharing

### 1.6 Definitions

For the purpose of this Annex, the terms used shall have the meaning of the definitions included in article 2 of CACM, article 3 of SOGL and the other items of legislation referenced therein.

## 2 Capacity Calculation

#### 2.1 General requirements

#### Objective 2.1.1

	1
To implement single day-ahead and intraday coupling, the available cross- border capacity needs to be calculated in a coordinated manner by the TSOs. For this purpose, they should establish a common grid model including estimates on generation, load and network status for each hour <sup>3</sup> . The available cross-border capacity should be one of the key inputs into the further calculation process, in which all bids and offers, collected by power exchanges, are matched, taking into account available cross-border capacity in an economically optimal manner.	CACM Whereas (4)
Capacity calculation for the day-ahead and intraday market timeframes should be coordinated at least at regional level to ensure that capacity calculation is reliable, and that optimal capacity is made available to the market. Common regional capacity calculation methodologies is established to define inputs, calculation approach and validation requirements. Information on available capacity should be updated in a timely manner based on latest information through an efficient capacity calculation process.	CACM Whereas (6)
<ul> <li>2.1.2 Rules &amp; Methodologies</li> <li>The document "All TSOs' proposal for Capacity Calculation Regions (CCRs) in accordance with Article 15(1) of the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a Guideline on Capacity Allocation and Congestion Management" is approved according to article 9(6)(b) of CACM.</li> <li>According CCR decision the Nordic capacity calculation region (Nordic CCR) is defined by the following bidding zone borders: <ul> <li>a) Denmark 1 - Sweden 3 (DK1-SE3);</li> <li>b) Denmark 2 - Sweden 4 (DK2-SE4);</li> <li>c) Denmark 1 - Denmark 2 (DK1-DK2);</li> <li>d) Sweden 4 - Sweden 3 (SE4-SE3);</li> <li>e) Sweden 3 - Sweden 1 (SE2-SE1);</li> <li>f) Sweden 2 - Sweden 1 (SE2-SE1);</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	CACM 15
<ul><li>g) Sweden 3 - Finland (SE3-FI); and</li><li>h) Sweden 1 - Finland (SE1-FI)</li></ul>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Market time unit is currently one hour.

- i) Denmark 1 Norway 2 (DK1-NO2);
- j) Sweden 3 Norway (SE3-NO1);
- k) Sweden 2 Norway 3 (SE2-NO3);
- I) Sweden 2 Norway 4 (SE2-NO4);
- m) Sweden 1 Norway 4 (SE1-NO4);
- n) Norway 3 Norway 4 (NO3-NO4);
- o) Norway 3 Norway 5 (NO3-NO5);
- p) Norway 1 Norway 3 (NO1-NO3);
- q) Norway 1 Norway 5 (NO1-NO5);
- r) Norway 1 Norway 2 (NO1-NO2);
- s) Norway 2 Norway 5 (NO2-NO5); and
- t) Norway 4 Finland (NO4-FI)<sup>4</sup>
- a)

### 2.2 The common grid model

#### 2.2.1 Objective

	A common grid model for single day-ahead and intraday coupling purposes representing the European interconnected system should be established to calculate cross-zonal capacity in a coordinated way. The common grid model should include a model of the transmission system with the location of generation units and loads relevant to calculating cross-zonal capacity. The provision of accurate and timely information by each TSO is essential to the creation of the common grid model.	CACM Whereas (8)
	Each TSO should be required to prepare an individual grid model of its system and send it to TSOs responsible for merging them into a common grid model. The individual grid models should include information from generation and load units.	CACM Whereas (9)
	Nordic TSOs have delegated the task of building the Nordic common grid model to Nordic RCC.	
2	2.2 Roles & Responsibilities The roles and responsibilities are described in the MLA. The detailed roles and responsibilities are described in Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement.	
2	2.3 Rules & Methodologies The document "All TSOs' proposal for a generation and load data provision methodology in accordance with Article 16 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management" was approved by all NRAs according to Article 9(6)(c)	CACM 16

of CACM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The NO4-FI bidding zone border shall be included in the market coupling and capacity calculation process from the go-live of flow-based capacity calculation in CCR Nordic onwards.

The document "All TSOs' proposal for a con accordance with Article 17 of Commission Re 2015 establishing a guideline on capa management" was approved by all NRAs acc	gulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July city allocation and congestion	CACM 17
2.2.4 Operational Procedures The operational procedures are described in procedures are described in Nordic RSC Agr	•	
2.3 Capacity calculation methodolog	ду	
2.3.1 Objective TSOs apply the flow-based capacity calcular market is not yet able to support the allocation on the flow-based approach, the flow-base NTC capacities for the intraday market as a t	on of cross-zonal capacities based d parameters are converted into	
The flow-based approach will be applied by Nordic capacity calculation methodology (CC this Annex.		CACM 20(2) CCM
TSOs should use a common set of remedial redispatching to deal with both internal and to facilitate more efficient capacity alloca curtailments of cross-border capacities, TSO remedial actions in capacity calculation.	cross-zonal congestion. In order tion and to avoid unnecessary	CACM Whereas (10)
Redispatching and countertrading shall be a with the Nordic redispatching and cou Methodology) referred to in chapter 3.3 of th Redispatching and countertrading cost sharing	ntertrading methodology (CRC his Annex. Ing shall be applied by the TSOs in	CACM 35 CRC Methodology
accordance with the Nordic redispatching methodology (CRCCS Methodology) referred	6 6	CACM 74 CRCCS Methodology
2.3.2 Roles & Responsibilities The roles and responsibilities are defined Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint C	•	
2.3.3 Rules & Methodologies The document "All TSOs' of the Nordic Capac capacity calculation methodology in accordan Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 es	ce with Article 20(2) of Commission	CACM 20/21

allocation and congestion management (CCM)" was approved by Nordic CCR NRAs according to Article 9(7)(a) of CACM.

#### 2.3.4 Operational Procedures

The operational procedures are defined in the Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.

### 2.4 Capacity calculation process

#### 2.4.1 Objective

The TSOs shall establish for each capacity calculation timeframe the individual CACM 28(3) grid model in order to merge the individual grid models into a common Nordic grid model.

For each capacity calculation timeframe, TSOs provide the coordinated capacity calculator (Nordic RCC) with data such as operational security limits, generation shift keys, remedial actions, reliability margins, allocation constraints and previously allocated cross-zonal capacity. The coordinated capacity calculator performs security analysis and calculates cross-zonal capacities and submits the results of the analysis and the cross-zonal capacities to TSOs. TSOs validate the results of the capacity calculation and send capacity validation and allocation constraints to the relevant coordinated capacity calculators and to the other TSOs of the relevant capacity calculation regions.

#### 2.4.2 Roles & Responsibilities

The roles and responsibilities are defined in the Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.

#### 2.4.3 Operational Procedures

The operational procedures are described in the MLA. The detailed operational procedures are described in Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2.

## 3 Redispatching and Countertrading

### 3.1 Objective

The methodology for coordinated redispatching and countertrading shall include actions of cross-border relevance and shall enable the TSOs in the capacity calculation region to effectively relieve physical congestion irrespective of whether the reasons for the physical congestion fall mainly outside their control area or not. The methodology for coordinated redispatching and countertrading shall address the fact that its application may significantly influence flows outside the TSO's control area.

Redispatching and countertrading shall be applied by the TSOs in accordanceCACM 35with the Nordic redispatching and countertrading methodology (CRCCRCMethodology) referred to in chapter 3.3 of this Annex.Methodology

### 3.2 Roles & Responsibilities

The roles and responsibilities are defined in the Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.

### 3.3 Rules & Methodologies

The document "All TSOs' of the Nordic Capacity Calculation Region for a coordinated redispatching and countertrading methodology in accordance with Article 35 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management (CRC Methodology)" was approved by Nordic CCR NRAs according to Article 9(7)(c) of CACM.

### 3.4 Operational Procedures

The operational procedures are defined in the Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.

## 4 Single day-ahead coupling

### 4.1 Price coupling algorithm

### 4.1.1 Objective

The price coupling algorithm shall produce the results in a manner which:	CACM 38(1)
a) aims at maximising economic surplus for single day-ahead coupling for the	
price-coupled region for the next trading day;	
b) uses the marginal pricing principle according to which all accepted bids will	
have the same price per bidding zone per market time unit;	
c) facilitates efficient price formation;	
<ul> <li>d) respects cross-zonal capacity and allocation constraints;</li> </ul>	
e) is repeatable and scalable.	
4.1.2 Rules & Methodologies The document "All TSOs' proposal for a Methodology for Calculating Scheduled Exchanges resulting from single day-ahead coupling in accordance with Article 43 of the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management" was approved by all NRAs according to Article 9(7)(d) of CACM.	CACM 43
The document "All TSOs' of the Nordic Capacity Calculation Region amended Proposal for fallback procedures in accordance with Article 44 of 'Commission	

*Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management"* was approved by Nordic CCR NRAs according to Article 9(7)(e) of CACM.

Arrangements concerning more NEMOs (Multi NEMO arrangement "MNA")<sup>5</sup> CACM 45 (& 57)

- The four individual documents (respectively Energinet's, Fingrid's, Svenska kraftnät's and Statnett's) "Arrangements concerning more than one NEMO in one bidding zone in accordance with Article 45 and 57 of the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a Guideline on Capacity Allocation and Congestion Management" approved by each individual Nordic NRA on 10 April 2017.
- The four individual documents (respectively Energinet's, Fingrid's, Svenska kraftnät's and Statnett's) "amendment in accordance with Article 9(13) of the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a Guideline on Capacity Allocation and Congestion Management on the Arrangements concerning more than one NEMO in one bidding zone in accordance with Article 45 and 57" approved by each individual Nordic NRA on 18 December 2018

## 4.2 The single day-ahead coupling process

### 4.2.1 Relevant process steps

Each coordinated capacity calculator shall ensure that cross-zonal capacitie and allocation constraints shall be provided to relevant NEMOs in time is ensure the publication of cross-zonal capacities and of allocation constraints	0
the market no later than 11:00 market time day-ahead. The Nordic RSC provide CZCs and ACs to Nordic NEMOs in accordance with CACM and MNAs.	
Each TSO shall take the necessary steps to guarantee firmness of allocate capacities in accordance with the document "All TSOs' proposal for the day ahead firmness deadline (DAFD) in accordance with Article 69 of the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management" which was approved by the Nordic NRAs respectively.	/- ne ne
All NEMOs performing the MCO functions shall deliver the single day-ahea coupling results to all TSOs, all CCCs, and all NEMOs. Nordic NEMOs provide the results to the Nordic TSOs and the Nordic RSC accordance with CACM and MNAs.	Amended MNA
Each TSO shall verify that the single day-ahead coupling results of the price coupling algorithm have been calculated in accordance with the allocatic constraints and validated cross-zonal capacity. This verification has been delegated to the Nordic RSC in accordance with the amended MNAs.	n

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Both the original and amended methodologies are valid

### 4.2.2 Roles & Responsibilities

The roles and responsibilities are defined in

- the Nordic RSC Agreement Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.
- the Nordic Day Ahead Market Coupling Operations Agreement ("Nordic DAOA")

#### 4.2.3 Operational Procedures

The operational procedures are defined in

- The Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.
- The Nordic Day Ahead Market Coupling Operations Agreement ("Nordic DAOA")

annex 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 – the Nordic day-ahead procedures are maintained by the Nordic Operations Committee (Nordic OPSCOM).

## 5 Single intraday coupling

### 5.1 Trading matching algorithm

#### 5.1.1 Objective

From the intraday cross-zonal gate opening time until the intraday cross-zonal	CACM 51(1)
gate closure time, the continuous trading matching algorithm shall determine	
which orders to select for matching such that matching:	
a) aims at maximising economic surplus for single intraday coupling per trade	
for the intraday market timeframe by allocating capacity to orders for which	
it is feasible to match in accordance with the price and time of submission;	
b) respects the allocation constraints;	
c) respects the cross-zonal capacity;	
d) respects the requirements for the delivery of results;	
e) is repeatable and scalable.	
The pricing of intraday capacity shall reflect market congestion and be based	CACM 55(1)
on actual orders. The pricing of intraday shall be applied by the TSOs in	IDCZCP
accordance with the Methodology for pricing intraday cross-zonal capacity.	
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### 5.1.2 Rules & Methodologies

The document "The all TSOs' proposal for calculating scheduled exchanges	CACM 56(1)
resulting from single intraday coupling in accordance with Article 56(1) of the	
Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline	
on capacity allocation and congestion management" was approved by all NRAs	
according to Article 9(7)(d) of CACM.	
The document "All TSOs' proposal for intraday cross-zonal gate opening and	

gate closure times in accordance with Article 59 of Commission Regulation (EU) CACM 59(1)

2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management" was approved by all NRAs according to Article 9(6)(k) of CACM.

Arrangements concerning more NEMOs (Multi NEMO arrangement "MNA")<sup>6</sup>

- The four individual documents (respectively Energinet's, Fingrid's, Svenska kraftnät's and Statnett's) "Arrangements concerning more than one NEMO in one bidding zone in accordance with Article 45 and 57 of the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a Guideline on Capacity Allocation and Congestion Management" approved by each individual Nordic NRA on 10 April 2017.
- The four individual documents (respectively Energinet's, Fingrid's, Svenska kraftnät's and Statnett's) "amendment in accordance with Article 9(13) of the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July 2015 establishing a Guideline on Capacity Allocation and Congestion Management on the Arrangements concerning more than one NEMO in one bidding zone in accordance with Article 45 and 57" approved by each individual Nordic NRA on 18 December 2018

The document "Decision No 01/2019 of the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators of 24 January 2019 establishing a single methodology for pricing intraday cross-zonal capacity" was approved by ACER on 24 January 2019 according to Article 9(11) of CACM.

## 5.2 The single intraday coupling process

### 5.2.1 Objective

Each coordinated capacity calculator shall ensure that cross-zonal capacity and allocation constraints are provided to the relevant NEMOs no later than 15 minutes before the intraday cross-zonal gate opening time.	CACM 58(1)
If updates to cross-zonal capacity and allocation constraints are required, due to operational changes on the transmission system, each TSO shall notify the coordinated capacity calculators in its capacity calculation region. The coordinated capacity calculators shall then notify the relevant NEMOs.	

### 5.2.2 Roles & Responsibilities

The roles and responsibilities are defined in the Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.

### 5.2.3 Operational Procedures

The operational procedures are defined in the Nordic RSC Agreement, Appendix 2: Service Level Agreement Joint Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Both the original and amended methodologies are valid

# 6 Redispatching and countertrading cost sharing

## 6.1 Objective

The redispatching and countertrading cost sharing methodology shall include cost-sharing solutions for actions of cross-border relevance.	CACM 74(2)
Redispatching and countertrading costs eligible for cost sharing between relevant TSOs shall be determined in a transparent and auditable manner.	CACM 74(3)
Redispatching and countertrading cost sharing shall be applied by the TSOs in accordance with the Nordic redispatching and countertrading cost sharing methodology (CRCCS Methodology) referred to in chapter 6.2 of this Annex.	CACM 74 CRCCS Methodology

## 6.2 Rules & Methodologies

The document "All TSOs' of the Nordic Capacity Calculation Region for a	CACM 74
coordinated redispatching and countertrading cost sharing methodology in	
accordance with Article 74 of Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 of 24 July	
2015 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion	
management (CRCCS Methodology)" was by Nordic CCR NRAs according to	
Article 9(7)(h) of CACM.	